THE ELECTION BILL

Over Which the South Has Been Chewing so Much Cud PASSES THE COMMITTEE

Of the Senate-The Probability

Elections decided by a strict party vote to resort the elections bill to the Senate, it is understood, without material change from the form in which it came from the House. This action gives great encourof opinion seems to be that it will go through as soon as the tariff bill is dis-

posed of.

Representative Lodge, the author of bill, said to-day to the INTELLIGENCER reporter, that in his opinion it would be passed at this session, and without material change. He had the best of assurances to that effect. He said further that he was constantly in receipt of the most cordial indorsements of the bill from all parts of the South, from whites as well as blacks. Mr. Lodge thinks the reported opposition in the North is not only grossly exaggerated, but what there is is based largely on the false and malicious construction of the proposed law so assiduously circulated by Democratic journaits for campaign effect. He believes that when the people of the North reach a true understanding of its working the opposition will be confined almost wholly to professional obstructionists.

The chief mourners over the action of the committee to-day seem to be the correspondents, who have been killing the bill with creat regularity at intervals of three days.

THE IRON SCHEDULE

Is Considered by the Senate-The Tar

Senate met at 10 a.m., and a call showed that there were only thirty-two Senators (eleven less than a quorum) in attendance. After a short waiting, while the viting the attendance of absent Senators the Secretary. After some preliminary ken up, the pending question being on Mr. Vance's amendment to reduce the White Caps, similar to that received a few nights ago by the couple who lived duty on pig iron (paragraph 128 page 25) from three-tenths of a cent per pound to five dollars per ton. Mr. Edmunds presented a letter received by him from Mr. Edmunds presented a letter received by him from Mr. Weether this nocturnal visit, and the Mreats of others still to come, have been actuated by a desire to purify the neighborhood, or a simple love of "devilment," is unknown, but the result has been a good one. partment of Labor, giving the figures of the cost of direct labor in the several processes of converting pig iron and

question was rejected—yeas 17; nays 27. There were no deviations from party lines on this vote. The next paragraph (129), taxes on bar iron, round iron, flats and square iron, from 8-10 of a cent to one cent per pound, according to classification.

The next paragraph (129) taxes bar iron, round iron, flats and square iron from 8-10 of a cent to 1 cent per pound,

strict party voic.

The next parsgraph (130) taxes round iron in coils or rods (of certain shapes and sizes) 1.1-0 cents per pound, with a proviso, that all charcoal iron shall be subject to a duty of not less than \$22

Mr. Vance moved to reduce the rate in paragraph 131 (beams, girders and other structural chapes of iron or steel) from 9.10 to 610 of 1 cent per pound.

Mr. Gray saked to be informed why the duty on structural forms of steeland iron used for ships and buildings should not be reduced. The duty should be entirely removed, he said, on such structural forms as were to be used in vessels intended for foreign trade. That could not injure any domestic business because no vessels for foreign commerce were being constructed in the United States.

States.

paragraph.

Mr. Paddock appealed to Mr. Aldrich, in the interest of agriculture, to agree to a reduction of at least 1-10 of a cent por and on his motion the rate was reduced to 8 10 of a cent per pound, Mr. Vance's amendment to make it 6 10 having been

rejected.

The next paragraph (132), applies to

pression, chiefly in the way of reducing its length, the bill, as it passed the House, is the one proposed by the ma-jority. The principle of the bill, and its practical workings are not disturbed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 7.-Supe nine days, but that some further revision may be necessar; in order to insure per

Washington, August 7.-The Presi both houses. Speculation is once more be postmaster at Piedmont. This is in-

Congressman C. B. Smith to-day tendered the President the invitation of the
Society of the Army of West Virginia to
attend its annual reunion at Parkersburg, September 16 to 19. The President said he would be glad to come if
public business would permit him.

chamber knew or could know anything
about the voltage, nor did any one order
the current turned off. It was turned
off in accordance with a previous understanding.

"Dr. Carlos McDonald and myself (between whom and myself complete bar-

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 7 .- Rep. resentative Alderson returned from the more than a month. He announces that his renomination is assured and that harmony is restored.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 7.-Assis tant Secretary of the Treasury Spalding says the department having decided that alaundryman is a laborer, a Chinaman who is the proprietor of a laundry would not, under the act of October, 1888, be allowed to re-land in the United States after visiting his native country.

confirmed the following nominations to lay: Ohio, W. P. Bentley, Bluffton;

a number of the citizens of Malden and

the cost of direct labor in the several processes of converting pig iron and steel rails, the total being Stl 159 for a ton of steel rails out of a total cost of S25 77, or at the rate of 45 per cent. for the direct labor, beginning to end.

Mr. Riegan remarked that the estimate was only one-half of Mr. Hewitt's estimate, which was 90 per cent.

Mr. Edmunds explained that Mr. Hewitt's statement included all the labor cost, while that now presented only applied to the direct labor cost. The question was taken and Mr. Vance's over the wash table.

Senator Sherman questioned Air. AicPherson's figures, and after further debate Mr. McPherson's amendment was
rejected—yeas, 18; nays, 28—another
strict party vote.

The next paragraph (130) taxes round
iron in coils or rods (of certain shapes
and slead) 1.10 caste are round with a stateorray.

Mr. Vance moved to reduce the rate Stewart-Wortley is about to become an

KEMMLER'S CASE

Charged to the Dynamo,

the Subject-The Press of the Metropolis on the Event ... The

William Kemmler, at Auburn prison yesterday, makes the following state

chamber knew or could know anything

"Dr. Ostios McDonald and myself (be-tween whom and myself compiete har-mony existed), on being asked by the Warden what the time should be, agreed to 15 seconds, and actually 17 seconds were allowed to clapse. When Kemm-ler's death appeared doubtful I suggested in a hurried way to the Warden to have it instantly turned on again, and it was

The Press says: "It will not mend matters at all to say that there was igno-rant bungling on the part of the execu-tioners; that the first current was not

ferings, whatever they may have been, were certainly no greater than he would have had to endure had he been choked

the execution was managed. The fault was with the doctors and the electric

jestion."

The World says: "The first experiment in electric execution should be the
last. Its result strongly condemns this t
method of putting criminals to death as a
very cruel and shocking. The effect
upon the witnesses was sickening. The
effect upon the public isstill more shocking. The electric execution law ought
now to be repealed on all accounts. So
long as it stands convictions for canital

possible to form a decided opinion re-garding the practicability of this method of execution." THE FATHER OF THE LAW.

or. Southwick Says There Has Been To BUFFALO, N. Y., August 7.-Dr. P.

outhwick, father of the Electrical Execution law, said to-day: "I feel just as I have always felt on this matter. Ther s nothing against the system at all, and the fact is there has been a great deal of sensational talk about the execution. For instance the big story in regard to the sickening spectacle of froth, saliva, etc., coming from Kemmler's mouth is ridiculous. It was a perfectly natural thing and was caused by the muscular contraction of the stomach. It was nothing unusual at all.

d there.

"I went to Auburn so...
xamination of the brain, and not assistant executioner. The dynamo, as judged by the action of Kemmier's body, acted very irregularly. The rource of this will be interesting to sacertain, as well as the animus which dictated the gratuitous and untrue statement of the British Association in 1889, his were badly cruss.

"As an avowed opponent, and as one known to be such, of the electricial method, I went to Auburn. Under these circumstances it was scarcely consistent for me to volunteer as a performer of that method. Had either my associate, Dr. Carlos McDonald, or myself been able to anticipate such misstatements being made, we certainly should have declined to act in the medical cases which we alone held. My sole active the provided with by all presting the provided with by all presting to the fedicial who active the provided with by all presting the provided with by all presting the provided with by all presting the provided with b

New Yoak, August 7.—Acting Dis-trict Attorney Bedford said to-day that

daughter of the commander of the flagper pound, and that the duty on a ton of
such iron (in equal quantities) would be
\$20 16 per ton. The iron referred to was
iron of the lowest quality—not charcoal
iron—and the duty proposed was altogether too high. He moved to amend by
striking out the rates per pound and inserting a uniform rate of 50 per cont ad
valorem. He quoted the latest prices of
English iron of the same description and
quantities, and said that the duty proposed
in the bill was equal to from 65 to 80 per
cent ad valorem.

Senator Sherman questioned Mr. Mc.
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Pherson's figures, and after further debate Mr. McPherson's amendment was
rejected—yeas, 18; nays, 28—another
strict party vote.

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such iron (in equal quantities) would be
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valorem. He quoted the latest prices of
English iron of the same description and
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cent ad valorem.

Senator Sherman questioned Mr. Mc.
Pherson's figures, and after further debate Mr. McPherson's amendment was
rejected—yeas, 18; nays, 28—another
strict party vote.

The notation—a prohibition which, by the way, they most properly
and completely ignored yesterday. The
age of burning at the stake is past; the
age of burning at the wire will pase
also."

The Tribune says: "This execution
cannot be regarded as anything more
cannot be regarded as anything more
than an experiment, and as an experiment it was not a complete success.
Unquestionably there were serions delects in Warden Durston's mechanical
arrangements. To these, which can, of
the right to do as he of
such iron of the barries and sizes, which can, of
the lot of such and completely ignored yesterday. The
age of burning at the stake is past; the
age of burning at the stake is past; the
age of burning at the stake is past; the
age of burning at the stak

west nievemasteet.

While in Europe Michaels claims to have secured, by some peculiar legal quirk, adivorce from the Columbus wife.

The exact method he is unable to extipation, but trouble was brewing for him here. During her stay in Kansas City and Campbell, and the latter learned Michaels story and determined to make turned the first of last week Campbell, to and the latter learned to make turned the first of last week Campbell, and the so Michaels alleges, made a demand upon him for \$200 as hush money. This Michaels refused to give. Campbell was persistent, and his importantities continued daily. This morning the men met upon the street, and a wordy war met upon the street and selection and the street and select He entered the employ of the Richmond & Danvillo railroad and lives at Portsmouth, Va. where he holds an important position in the service of the company.

The Schleys come of an old Maryland family. Capt. Windeld Scot Schley, who commands the diagship of the North Atlantic squadron and who will have the honor of conducting President Harrison to Beston, has a distinguished record in the navy and commanded the Thetis in the Greely relief expedition. For his services on this occasion he was not long ago voted by the Maryland Legislature a handsome gold which and chain as a testimonial of regard in behalf of people of the State.

Mas with the doctors and the electric ling was with the doctors and the electric ling was with the doctors and the electric ling of the state refunction by electricity is a failure. It does not warrant a return to the bar barrity of the gallows. Had the execution the success of the new system beyond all dispute. An electric light concern should not be allowed to take advantage of the failure to farther its own private interests.

The Eurolian was well the electricity is a failure. It does not warrant a return to the bar barrity of the gallows. Had the execution been properly and efficiently managed it would have proyed the success of the new system beyond all dispute. An electric light concern should not be allowed to take advantage of the failure to farther its own private interests.

The Eurolian was the execution been properly and efficiently managed it would have proyed the success of an engagement to meet at 6 o'clock of an engagement to meet at 6 o'clock of the new system beyond the flictent properly and efficiently managed it would have proyed the success of an engagement to meet at 6 o'clock of an engagement to meet at

A Peculiar, assignment.
St. Louis, August 7.—The Eagle glass

SAN FRANCISCO, August 7.—The sale of the San Jacinto property, in San Ber-

Against the Discipline of the Penitentiary Rules

CHARLESTOWN PRISON.

The Guards Compelled to Use Fire arms to Quell the Disturbance.

past trouble has been brewing at the othing unusual at all.

"In fact, a party of ladies could sit in a room where an execution of this kind was going on and not see anything repulsive whatever. If the mistake of ortiflor dering off the current so quickly had not been made, there would have been none of this talk.

"The burning of the flash was also ay." "Chicken" Walsh, a notorious convict, decided outbreak. This afternoon about

near Bryant have given him ten days in which to leave that part of the country. would be strung up to a tree.

On the night of July 31 some colored men visited the home of a white man

named Bob Ferguson, near Bryant, an nade an assault upon Mrs. Baldwin, wh brawny, and a young man, tall and planation he was marched to the home alender, stood in a quiet corner engaged of Ferguson, but the ladies failed to

case:
"The present vacation of Dr. Burtsell

"The present vacation of Dr. Burtzell is nothing more nor less than a forced retirement, for there is little doubt that he would have immediately accepted the Rowdout mission had Aschbishop Corrigan ordered him so to do. Seeing that discretion will save him best, Dr. Burtzell will make his peace at Rome, and this done the Propaganda will probably say to Archbishop Corrigan: "If you are satisfied now, as we are, condone his souri Pacific and Atchison roads, look-

be practically as forecast above. I do not think Archbishop Corrigan is a hard man, but the man behind him, and who dictates his policy, would rule the

LOUISYILLE, August 7.—John Jordan, a negro in jail at Frankfort, to:day confessed the crime for which he was arrested, the outrage of a little girl near that the Atchison's ambition to threads. There are threats of lynching and an extra guard has been placed,

UNFOUNDED COMPLAINTS. What the I. O. O. F. Officers Say About the Kicks in Chicago.

CHICAGO, August 7.-The great Triennial Cantonment I. O. O. F., is developing numerous cases of friction, so, at least some of the Chicago papers inti-

The Daily News says: The California The Daily News says: The California and other Western Cautons say they have not been treated fairly in the matter of railroad rates. They are accordingly present in fewer numbers than they expected to be, and those who are here are mad. That the troop of Lancers from Denver feel hurt because the Junior Hussars of Columbus, Ohio, who didn't come half as far as they did, are given better positions than they are on the Generalissimo's staff corps. There is a big, widespread kick because the coupon tickets attached to the excursion railroad tickets only admit to the grounds, but do not entitle the holders to scats. The seats in the grand stands are extra. It costs 25 conts for a seat on the bleaching boards, 50

his own personal guaranty. penses are heavy, and all that are rece ed will be devoted to paying them. ed will be devoted to paying them. A ticket for a seat purchased is good for all day. The holder can go in and out as often as he wants. A return check is given every time. There is no cause for complaint at all."

The Inter Ocean says: "The railways are kicking. They are dissatisfied with the cantonment. They claim that the affair is not as big as it was promised to be, and that as a result the railroads are out."

learning a prominent cliffeen of Columbs
bus, Din., Bewas the proprieter of the
in that file assumed the assumed the assumed the
in that if he assumed the assumed together with views of the principal and of the sights to be seen en route from Chicago to the Atlantic cosst.

this done the Propagada will probably say to Archbishop Corrigan: "If you are saliefied now, as we are, condone his fault and set him to work." Archbishop Corrigan, who is a very hard man, or I may say a strict disciplinarian, but with a very just, may then relent and give Dr. Burtsell some small church near New York City,"

When the above was submitted to Dr. Henry Carey, well known as the staunch supporter of Dr. MeGlynn and Dr. Burtsell since the former's split in 1834, he remarked significantly: "Your informant is no doubt correct except as to one or two details. I think Dr. Burtsell will be sent to Rondout, and this station will be sent to Rondout, and this station will be held open for him. I suppose I am as well informed as any one in this matter, and it is my opinion that the result will be practically as forecast above. I do not think Archbishop Corrigan is a hard man, but the man behind him, and who

be practically as forecast above. I do think Archbishop Corrigan is a hard and who hitch the man behind him, and who lictates his policy, would rule the church with a rod of iron."

It contesses.

Louisyille, August 7.—John Jordan, a negro in jail at Frankfort, te-day containing the conflicting interests that have bitherto kept the roads part. It is intimated that the arrangement in prospect is to be a fast iron agreement, by which territory is to be divided, that assume the victim of a murderous by which territory is to be divided, that assume the victim of a murderous by which territory is to be divided, that assume the victim of a murderous by which territory is to be divided, that a sesual tabout 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Her nusband, Jerome Sweet, who lives at 128 Fankfort to be divided, that a sessult about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Man Tries to Escape His Faithful and Dutiful Wife.

HOW SHE SHIELDED HIM

to Spain with the Tempter, but is Finally Rounded Up-The

PHILADELPHIA, PA., August 7,-On of the most remarkable of all modern ro columns of the Record to-day. It is the story of F. W. Cooke alias Asteley Lasdistracted wife and relatives to make owed this remarkable feat by coming to pupil of Liszt for a position as organist of a first-class church, secured that cov-eted appointment from the South Me-morial P. E. Church, North Eighteenth and Diamond streets, and was about to

was appointed organist at the Old Meet-ing Church in Bristol road. While hold-ing this appointment he married a young lady of great musical talent, who is con-nected by close ties of relationship with one of the best known families of Birm-ingham. Shortly after this his double life ngham. Shortly after this his double l HIS WIFE SHIELDED HIM.

He became enamored of a young lady lent in Mosley, and while with the out

callous cruelty. For nearly two year Mrs. Cooke was aware of the imprope

relations existing between her husband and the young lady mentioned, yet she concealed the fact.

Cooke's infatuation for the woman for whom he had sacrificed his wife led him then to neglect his own music teaching, but his wife was still ready to hide her blighted life from the world by actually doing his work while he was jaunting about with the woman who had brought all this misery upon her. At length his own violence was the means of disclosing Cooke's perfidy and the devoted self-sacrifice of his wife.

Cooke confessed to his conduct and professed to be penitent, but it could

From there he sent home his own The facts of this attempt on Cooke's part to give himself out as dead and then to the Illinois State Board of Agriculture

that she was never the wile of Sharon, as there is no evidence to show that Sharon ever signed the alleged marriage contract or lived with her as his wife. The conclusion of the Court is that as the plaintiff and Sharon were never husband and wife, she has no right or claim to any share of the Sharon estite and

to any share of the Sharon estate, and that the defendant may recover his costs. If the latter decree is carried out it will strip Sarah Althea of everything she has. Her little property, left by Judge Terry, will not pay one-flith of the costs of the

PROTIDENCE, R. I., August 7 .- Cather-

XENIA, O., August 7.—A dastardly at-empt to commit wholesale murder came near being successful near this city this fternoon, on the farm of Mr. Jesse tewart. The threshing outfit of Weed Stewart. The threshing outlit of Weed & Jackson was engaged in threshing Mr. Stewart's wheat, with Mr. Alex. Wead doing the feeding, Sanford Perry cutting the sheaves and Rans Chapman standing on the feed-baard with them. Suddenly there came a loud report, and the top of the thresher was blown up into the air, while the balance was crushed down toward the earth, and the whole mass instantly enveloped in bine.

Coleman intended in his resignation was leed. Loss over \$1,500.

CROPS IN BAD SHAPE.

TOPEKA, KAS., August 7.—The follow ng is the crop report of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture for the month

spondents of the Board, representing spondents of the Board, representing every county in the State, clearly indi-cates that the growing crops in every portion of the State have been seriously injured.

Theserious drouth, intense heatand oc-

asional hot winds prevailing throughout he State generally have been the cause if this falling off of the corn prospects, ts condition, which one month ago was empried at 100 persons in our prospects. ts condition, which one month ago was eported at 90 per cent, is now reported to oly 35 per cent of an average cron. This devastation of the crop exists in avery portion of the State, but that portion of the State lying between the 97th and 1900 to 1900 t

ing better than was expected—a yield from 40 to 70 per acre is reported from s from 40 to 70 per acre is reported from a number of counties.

The following is the summary as compared with a full average condition: Corn, 33 per cent; barley, 60; flax, 84; broomcorn, 57; sorghum, 72; millet, 50; tame grass, 58; potatoes, 40; prairie grass, 55; apples, 53; peaches, 4; granges, 64.

The month has been the dryest in July for 20 years. Chinch bugs are reported in many counties, but they have done no great damage.

Result of the Drought in Illinois, SPRINGFIELD, ILLS., August 7.-The bituary with a forged death certificate. following bulletin is based on the data 8 returned by the crop correspondents of

the fillings ciate Board of Agriculture, August I.

The last month has been one of unusual drought and high temperature, and much damage is being done to growing vegetation of every description. The corn crop and pasturege have suffered in some portions of the State to an alarming extent.

SARTH May Become a Pauper.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. August 7—Judge or has any other member of the coffee of trade here, as far as I can ascertain. I don't know of any firm of coffee dealers which has a capital of \$5,000,000. I don't believe there is anything in it? which has a capital of \$5,000,000. I don't believe there is anything in it."

This gentlemen added that there was undoubtedly great possibilities for coffee production in Mexico, but he did not believe that any action toward developing the field would be taken for some time.

PITTSBURGH, PA., August 7.-A Lma, Ohio, special says: South bound passen-ger train on the Cincinnati, Hamilton O'Brien last evening. The gathering, If the latter decree is carried out it will strip Sarah Althea of everything she has, Her little property, left by Judge Terry, will not pay one-fifth of the costs of the action.

The car had been shoved on to the C., H. and D. track by the Nickel Plate and D. tra

New York Gets a Poor Bargain, PITTSBURGH, PA., August 7 .-- A Mansfield, Ohio, special says: The Mansfield was a base ball club was sold to Oneids, N. Y., base ball cluo was sold to Oneida, N. 1., this afternoon, for Sl.600. Oneida is in the New York State League, and is bent on winning the pennant. All the play-ers, except George McMillan, the left fielder, will go with the club. McMillan has offers from Tacoma and the National League clubs.

Base Batt Games.

Youngstown, 7; McKeesport, 6. (Tritate League, J. Chicago, 18; Cleveland, 4. (P. L.) Cincinnati, 23; Pittsburgh, 17. (N. L. Boston, 4; New York, 2. (P. L.) New York, 4; Philadelphia, 5. (N. L.

CULPABLE COWARDICE

The Situation of Affairs in Buc-

GEINERAL ROCA EXPLAINS

Majority of the Chambers Will not Have It-The Guatemalan Revolt-Foreign News.

LONDON, August 7 .- A dispatch to the he reading in the Chamber of Deputies that such action by the Chamber revolution, and of Buenos Ayres over other provinces of the Republic. He

culpable cowardice.

General Roca explained that he had sacrificed himself in order to show how utterly impossible it was for Coleman to continue in the presidency, after the missible made the presidency, after the missible made the presidency. continue in the presidency, salet in em-take made by members of the Presi-dent's party. Nobody, he declared, could serve a man who had shown such could serve a man who had shown such complete incapacity. He had gravely compromised the country. It was not Bucnos Ayres alone who opposes President Coleman, but every province of the republic, and every honest man was against him.

General Roca's remarks were greefed with applause. The vote on accepting the resignation was taken in dead silence, but when the result was announces, showing a majority in fayor of accepting.

Minister of the Interior in the new Cabinet.

Dr. Delvalle addressed a meeting of citizens last night. In the course of his address he said, "The Argentine Republic is now secure. I will not have a government of robbers."

tival Governments in San Salvador and SAN FRANCISCO, August 7.—Domingo estrada, the Guatemalan Consul Gen-

here.
The letter states that the ex-Minister of the Interior of San Salvador, who was seized by Salvadoran soldiers on the steamer Acapulco, at La Libertad, esped the next day and boarded the steamer Starbuck, at La Libertad, bound

the same firm stand at two other ports.

The fugitive was finally landly safely at
Acapulco, where he probably took the

A MYSTERIOUS WARNING. Smperor William Advised to Avoid Close London, August 7 .- It is reported that Emperor William has received a mysteat harvested, in on his visit to Russia, and to avoid as

to-day. While he was in the town he came near being knocked down by the horses attached to the carriage of Admiral Cammerell, a naval commander-in-chief at Portsmouth. As Ilis Majesty-man areasing the street to enter the Admiral Cambridge and the street of enter the Admiral Cambridge. meent at Portsmouth. As Ilis Majesty was crossing the street to enter the Admiralty house, after visiting the dockyards, he was alightly struck on the shoulder by the horses attached to the carriage, which were approaching the entrance to the Admiralty house.

O'Brien and His Wife Banqueted. LONDON, August 7.-London Irishmen

Chalers in Madrid and Jeddah. Madrid, August 7,-A death from A dispatch from Cairo, Egypt, says: Cholera is raging at Jeddah. The num-

Sr. Louis, August 7.- A special to the

Republic from Hot Springs, Ark., says: A destructive rain and wind storm last night passed over this section of counnight passed over this section of country about eight niles north of this city. Several houses and barns were blown down, and fencing and fields of growing oorn laid low. A large barn on the Keller farm was wrecked by the storm and several men were burned in the ruins, but none were killed, though badly injured. The full extent of the damage has not been learned.

The tongue of the giralle is nearly a toot and a half long.

ntendent Porter says the enumeration of population will be about completed in

of the Scnate—The Probability that the Measure. Will Pass—It Affects the North as Well as the South—Other Measures.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligences.

Washington, D. C., August 7.—The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections decided by a strict party vote men, notwithstanding the great gains

Alderson's Fences Secure. Dispatch to the Intelligencer. Third district to-day, after an absence of

A Laundry Decision,

John Berger, Hicksville. Pennsylvania, J. P. Tesgarden, Waynesburg. West Virginia, C. E. Anderson, Weston.

circles here are much interested in an engagement which is shortly to be announced between Virginia Schley,

aristocracy.

The present Earl of Wharnecliffe is the proviso, that all charcoal iron shall be subject to a duty of not less than \$22 per ton.

Mr. Aldrich assured Mr. McPherson (in reply to an objection of his) that the proviso did not apply to pig iron.

Mr. McPherson moved to reduce the proviso did not apply to pig iron.

Mr. McPherson moved to reduce the various rates in the paragraph. Respected.

Stewart-Wortley is about to become an failure was due not to the system, but failure was due not to the system, but aristocracy. The present Earl of Wharnecliffe is the American citizen. He came to this count the bungling, inefficient way in which

boiler iron or steel, and imposed duties ry show that the Republicans will have a majority on joint ballot of the two houses of the first territorial legislature.

Mr. Vest, after an argument controputing the protectionist claim that low prices are the result of tariff legislation, moved (to reduce the various specific rates in the paragraph to 50 per cent ad valorem. Rejected—Yeas, 20; nays, 26—a strict party vote.

Tom the decides in Okanoma territorial territorial legislature, a majority on joint ballot of the two houses of the first territorial legislature. The upper house is Republicans will have a majority on joint ballot of the two houses of the first territorial legislature. The upper house is Republicans will have a majority on joint ballot of the two houses of the first territorial legislature.

Mr. Vest, after an argument contropublicans will have a majority on joint ballot of the two houses of the first territorial legislature.

Mr. Vest, after an argument contropublicans will have a majority on joint ballot of the two houses of the first territorial legislature.

Mr. Vest, after an argument contropublicans will have a majority on joint ballot of the two houses of the first territorial legislature.

Mr. Vest, after an argument contropublicans outnumber the Democrate by one vote, but the four members of the first territorial legislature.

Factorial have been deciding vote.

Secretary Blaine's Movements.

Secretary Blaine's Movements.

Bosron, August 7.—Secretary of State, James G. Blaine, who arrived here less the first territorial legislature.

WHICH WAS BADLY MANAGED.

NEW YORK, August 7 .- Dr. Spitzke,

"The assertion attributed to a physi cian from Buffalo, that the undersigned Washington, August 7.—The President to-day nominated W. E. Heskett to way directed the steps rendered necesly unfounded. No one in the execution

commenting on the execution the Sun says editorially: "The first duty of the lext Legislature will be to repeal to the clientical Execution law, and to restore the old method of administering the death sentence by hanging. Scientific curiosity has been gratified sufficiently by this one awful experiment. The present generation is not likely to hear of another such scene of horrible mainty, unknown torture aming circumstanty, unknown torture.

Farmers Will Hold Balance of Power.

Karsas Cirry, August 7.—A dispatch from Guthrie, I. T., says: Full returns from the elections in Oklahoma territory show that the Republicans will have

rates in the paragraph to 50 per cent advalorem. Rejected—Yeas, 20; nays, 25—a strict party vote.

Will Preserve its Features.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 7.—Under the resolution of the Senate authorizing sittings during the sessions of the Senate, the Committee on Privileges and Elections began a special meeting at noon to-day to consider the election at noon to-day to consider the election the members. The bill is still held in confidence, but one of the minority said that save in the metter of change of extending vote.

Secretary Blaine's hovements.

Boston, August 7.—Secretary of State, different control for the point of ingossibility. Jurisa will not willingly condemn men to death by torture.

The Star says: "The execution yes the different point of the star in the deed was delivered to the purchase that say in the deed was delivered to the purchase that say in the deed was delivered to the purchase that say in the deed was delivered to the purchase that the deed was delivered to the purchase that the deed was delivered to the purchase that the deed was delivered to the purchase the deet in the deed was delivered to the purchase the deed was delivered to the purchase that the deed was delivered to the purchase that the deed was delivered to the purchase that the deed was delivered to the purchase the deed was de

WHEELING, W. VA., FRIDAY, AUGUST 8, 1890.